

The SDRF Contribution to ITU Question ITU-R 241/8: Cognitive radio systems in the land mobile service

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Document Background

- Industry Canada proposed to the ITU RadioCommunication Study Groups (Working Party 8A) to study role of cognitive radio
- Intended for completion by 2010
- Initial Questions:
 - What are the operational implications (including privacy and authentication) of cognitive radio systems?
 - What are the cognitive capabilities that could facilitate coexistence with existing systems in the mobile service and in other radiocommunication services, such as broadcast, mobile satellite or fixed?
 - What spectrum-sharing techniques can be used to implement cognitive radio systems to ensure coexistence with other users?
 - How do cognitive radio systems promote the efficient use of the radio spectrum?



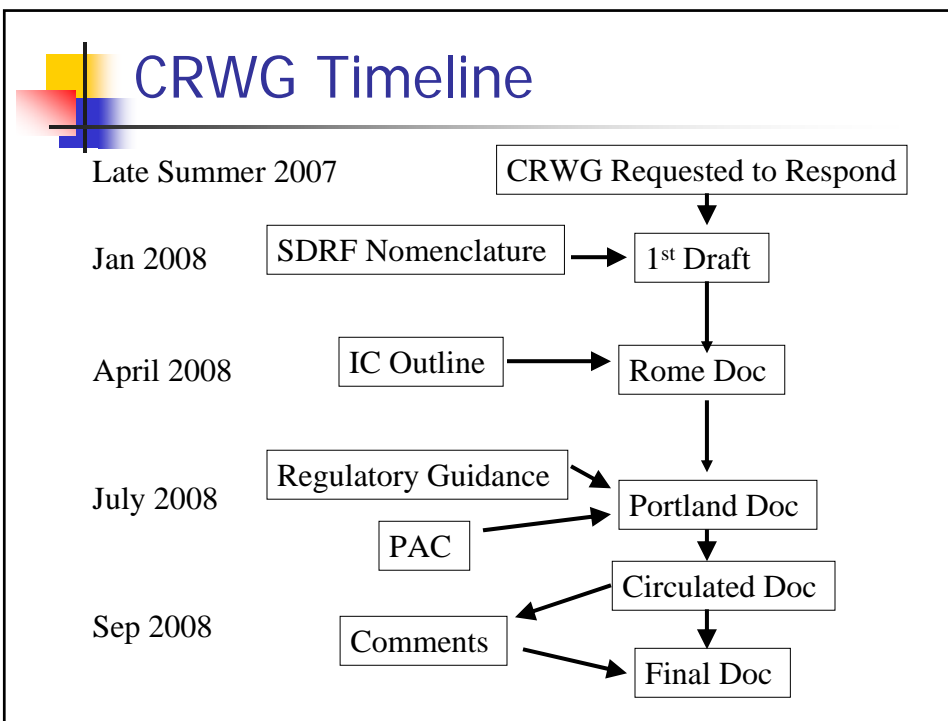
Questions cont.

- What is the ITU definition of cognitive radio systems?
- What are the closely related radio technologies (e.g. smart radio, reconfigurable radio, policy-defined adaptive radio and their associated control mechanisms) and their functionalities that may be a part of cognitive radio systems?
- What key technical characteristics, requirements, performance and benefits are associated with the implementation of cognitive radio systems?
- What are the potential applications of cognitive radio systems and their impact on spectrum management?



CRWG Objectives in Response

- Emphasize significant potential benefits / value of cognitive radio
- Emphasize that cognitive radio is not “pie-in-the-sky” research
- Avoid precluding future technical developments
- Identify potential issues raised by cognitive radio
- Emphasize importance of SDR to cognitive radio
- Promote SDRF positions



Document Breakdown

<p>1,2 Introduction / Scope (1 pg)</p> <p>3 Related Documents (0.2 pg)</p> <p>4 Definitions (1 pg)</p> <p>5 Description / Benefits (7 pg)</p> <p>6 Related Techs (3 pg)</p> <p>7 Applications (2 pg)</p>	<p>8 Operational Implications (8 pg)</p> <p>9 Coexistence (7 pg)</p> <p>10 Conclusions (2 pg)</p> <p>App 1 Japan (17 pg)</p> <p>App 2 Europe (6 pg)</p> <p>App 3 CPC (10 pg)</p> <p>App 4 World (4 pg)</p> <p>App 5 DoD (5 pg)</p>
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SDRF wrote ~ 47 out of 74 pages



Contributors and Major Commenters

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Section 4: Definitions

- Included material from SDRF cognitive radio nomenclature document
 - SDRF / IEEE CR definition (existing)
 - Adaptive Radio
 - Intelligent Radio
 - Cognitive Control Mechanism
 - Policy
 - Policy-based Radio



Section 5: Description and Benefits of Cognitive Radio

- Key textbooks
- Key characteristics of a CR (from SDRF nomenclature document)
 - Aware, perception, adjustable, autonomous
- Benefits
 - Interoperability
 - Coexistence
 - Simplified management
 - Improved Spectral efficiency via dynamic access
 - Improved APIs
 - Dynamic regulatory compliance
 - Self-correction / fault tolerance
 - Enhanced QoS management
 - Improved RRM
 - Advanced networking techniques
 - Extended Coverage
 - Graceful degradation
 - Application-based power-tuning
 - Enhanced / Simplified Public Access



Section 6: Related Technologies

- Goals for section:
 - Show that cognitive radio is a natural evolution of existing techniques
 - Assess the technology readiness levels (TRL)
 - Show that many supporting techs are in use now
- Topics:
 - Software Radio
 - Reconfigurable Radio
 - Smart radio
 - Policy-based radio
 - Smart Antennas
 - Adaptive Modulation and Coding
 - Dynamic Frequency Selection
 - Dynamic Channel Allocation / Assignment
 - Transmit Power Control
 - Cognitive Pilot Channel



Section 7: Applications

- Intricately linked with benefits, so somewhat repetitive with Section 5's benefits
 - Much longer initially, folded into Section 5
- Topics
 - Existing cognitive network discussion
 - Radio Resource Management



Section 8: Operational Implications

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Security considerations<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Special need to secure policy■ Likelihood of emergence of a Policy Management Infrastructure (PMI) that mimics many of the functions of the existing Policy Key Infrastructure (PKI)■ Need for testing / conformance■ Need for audit logs | <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Spectrum management considerations<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Need standardized policy engine components■ Need standardized languages and protocols■ Need standardized testing■ Need for CRs to understand operating conditions (white vs gray spaces) and to quantify potential impact■ Infrastructure requirements |
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Section 9: Facilitating Coexistence

- Discussion of use of radio environment maps in coexistence
- Differences between coexistence with legacy systems and cognitive systems
- Brief discussion of TPC



Section 10: Conclusions

- Mostly summary material
- Takeaways
 - Cognitive radio functions will be key to a dramatic improvement in spectrum usage efficiency in some bands.
 - Premature for specific regulations
 - ITU should
 - Encourage further study of cognitive radio
 - Encourage national spectrum regulators to anticipate approaches that will facilitate innovation and deployment of cognitive radios
 - Spectrum sharing test beds
 - Support, monitor, contribute to policy language standardization activities
 - If CPC is adopted, then spectrum should be harmonized.



Appendix 3: Comments on the Cognitive Pilot Channel

- **Rationale:** Various parties asked that we specifically comment on the CPC in the ITU response
- **Topics:**
 - Concept and motivation (from white paper)
 - Related technologies (802.21, information databases)
 - Suggestions / Assessments
 - Network association (limit to location requirement)
 - Cost (need for hierarchical because of spectrum cost)
 - Bandwidth efficiency (leverage existing techs, use hierarchical model)
 - Security
 - Inviting target for mischief
 - Include anti-jam
 - Include authentication services



Appendix 4: CR Research Around the World

- **Rationale:** Emphasize the broad basis of research around the world
- **Topics:**
 - Wireless @ Virginia Tech
 - Carnegie Mellon
 - Clemson
 - Northwest Research Associates
 - Others:
 - Hanyang, Kansas, Trinity College, Northeastern
 - GDC4S, SSC, Thales, Adapt4, BBN, Harris
 - 26 universities at SDRF 08
 - 35 companies from around the world



Appendix 5: CR ConOps Discussion (CR and military)

- **Rationale:** International spectrum regulations impact military
- **Topics:**
 - Need for interoperability between DoD (e.g. national guard) and first responders in major disaster responses
 - Steps being taken to improve interoperability
 - How cognitive radio can improve interoperability / communications performance in a joint disaster response



Future Document Work

- Oct 2008
 - ITU currently considering proposed changes to last draft (Industry Canada Outline)
- Oct 2008 – Mar 09
 - CRWG developing document to “Quantify technical benefits of cognitive radio”
- Mar 09 – May 09
 - Address any comments / changes in ITU doc
 - Use new SDRF doc to reference technical claims in doc

